

SYLLABUS

**Council of Electro Homoeopathic System
of
Medicine Uttar Pradesh
Kanpur**



**BEMS/MBEH/B.E.H.M.S./DEMS/MDEH,
&
SPECIALIZATION COURSE SYLLEBUS**

**127/446 'S' BLOCK JUHI VINOBA NAGAR
KANPUR - 208014 (U.P.) INDIA
PHONE NO. | 0512-2662913 ● MOB. : 09451424640**

Price : 200/-

B.E.H.M.S. FOUR YEAR COURSE

→ BOTANICAL ELECTRO HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICINE & SURGERY
B.E.H.M.S. I YEAR

→ ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY, HYGIENE & HEALTH MEDICAL
JURISPRUDENCE & TOXICOLOGY
B.E.H.M.S. SECOND YEAR

→ ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY, HYGIENE & HEALTH MEDICAL
JURISPRUDENCE & TOXICOLOGY & PATHOLOGY
B.E.H.M.S. THIRD YEAR

→ GYANECOLOGY, PAEDRIATRICS, MIDWIFERY, OPHTHALMICS &
E.N.T. IRIDOLOGY, PRACTICE OF MEDICINE, SURGERY.
B.E.H.M.S. (FINAL) FOUR YEAR

→ MATARIA MEDICA, PHARMACY & PHILOSOPHY PRACTICE OF
MEDICINE, SURGERY

ELECTRO HOMOEOPATHIC REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE

Every Medical Degree/Diploma Holder practitioner will be call complete practitioner when he has registration certificate. Without registration No. he can't do practice, Because registration no. is identification of practitioner. Practitioner can issue Medical Certificate, fitness certificate, Death certificate when it will print in his letter pad, stamp. Then their certificate will be valid in Govt, semi Govt., factories mills and offices.

This certificate will be issue by two types (1) practitioner who is Degree Diploma Holder (2) Practitioner who does practice by experience. It will be issue by council in para (1 or 2) there will be also print name, address, registration no. phone no. photographs on registration certificate. In which all the above details written. Para (1) fees Rs.3500/- and Para (2) fees Rs.4500/- only.

EXAMINATION:-

The candidates give the examination of every course at home by postal. But if there will be ten candidates the examination will be held in examination hall (center) which will be decided by council.

Examination Materials as, Question paper, copies, admit card, will by issue by council, certificates, Marks sheet, Registration Certificate will be send by registered post to all the passed candidates.

(1)

D.EM.S./D.E.H.M. DIPLOMA TWO YEAR COURSE ANATOMY

Bones - General study of bone of skull & different views, Vertebral column and a typical vertebrae, scapula, Clavicle, Humerus, Radius, Ulna, Sternum & a typical rib, Hip. Bone. Femur & Tibia, Fibula.

Muscles - Muscles of neck, Deltoid, Biceps, Triceps, Pectoralies Major & minor, abdominal muscles, Muscles of Gluteal region, various group of muscles of thigh & leg.

Joints - Axilla, Cubital fossa, Femoral triangle, Popliteal fossa.

Thorax :- Heart, Main Branches of Aorta, Lungs, Trachea.

Abdomen :- Introductory study of all the viscera,

Brain (CNS) :- Different Parts, their names & Positions of Brain & Spinal Cord, Practical cum viva examination of 100 marks consisting of Identification of skull, upper & lower extremity Bone.

The examination of Anatomy shall consist of one theory Paper, time allowed 3 hours, carrying 100 marks.

PHYSIOLOGY

Study of Cell, various tissues, Blood, Lymph (Composition & Functions).

Muscles - Physiology of muscles including skeletal, Plain & Cardiac,

(i) Diet & Vitamins

(ii) Digestion - It's elementary knowledge

(iii) Respiratory System - Mechanism of Respiration, General exchange, tissue respiration.

(iv) Circulatory System - Function of heart, cardiac cycle, Blood Pressure, Pulse.

(v) Excretory System - Structure & Function of Kidney, Composition of Urine, Abnormal ingredients of Urine & their detection.

(vi) Reproductive System - Structure & Functions of ovary & testes.

(vii) Endocrine glands - Thyroid, Parathyroid, Adrenal, Pituitary, Pancreas, their elementary knowledge.

(viii) Central Nervous System - Structure & function of Neurons, Cerebral Cortex, Cerebellum, Medulla & Spinal Cord, Cerebrospinal fluid.

(ix) Special Senses - Skin, eye, Ear, Tongue of function (Small).

Practical cum viva Examination of 100 marks, consisting use of common Physiological instrument & appliances, H, meter & Sphygmomanometer. Preparation & staining of blood films, Total & Differential count of blood cells.

The examination of Physiology shall consist of one theory paper of 3 hours carrying 100 marks.

MATERIA MEDICA

Materia Medica - It's Definition & importance, Action, Indication, contra indication Medicinal Properties & functions of :-

S₁, S₂, S₃, S₅, S₁₀, S₁₁, S₁₂, S_{lass}, P₂, P₃, P₄, P₁, A₂, A₃, A₁, F₂, F₁, L₁, Ver₁, Ver₂, C₁, C₂, C₃, C₄, C₅, C₆, C₁₀, C₁₃, C₁₅, C₁₇, Ven₁, R.E., B.E., G.E., Y.E W.E., A.P.P.

Pharmacy & Philosophy

Definition of Pharmacy & it's branches, Sources of drugs, Collection of vegetable substances, Apparatus & Equipments, their cleaning, Vehicle (Water, Olive Oil, Glycerlene etc.) Abbreviatation used in prescription writing.

Count Ceasre Mattei, Life History & deeds, invention of Electro Homoeopathy, Difference between Electro Homoeopathy & Homoeopathy Dosology, Positive & Negative, Principle of Electro Homoeopathy, Superiority of Electro Homoeopathy.

Viva Exam. of 100 marks consisting 50 marks for Pharmacy & 50 for Philosophy. Identification & uses of utensils, Appliances & cleaning estimation of size of globules, Distilled water making of doses, Preparation of dilutions & prescription writing.

1. General Pathology :-

- (i) Introduction , Definition, various laboratory technics & microscopy.
- (ii) Health & Disease - Definition, Aetiology of disease.
- (iii) Inflammation - It's concept, various phase & clinical manifestations, suppuration.
- (iv) Disturbances of circulation - Hyperaemia, Thrombosis & Embolism, Oedema.
- (v) Degenerative tissue changes - Atrophy, cloudy swelling, Degenerations, Necrosis, Gangrene.
- (vi) Proliferative tissue changes - Tumours, it's actiology, classification.
Benign - (a) Fibroma, Myoma, Lypoma Ocsteoma, Chondroma,
(b) Malignant Carcinoma, Sarcoma, Lymphoma.

2. Special Pathology :-

- (i) Diseases of blood - Anaemia, Leukemia.
- (ii) Diseases of Circulatory System - Pericarditis, Rheumatic heart diseases, Bacterial Endocarditis, Arteries sclerosis, Aneurism.
- (iii) Meningitis.
- (iv) Diseases of Respiratory System.
- (v) Diseases of Kidney.
- (vi) Diseases of G.I.T. - Peptic ulcer, ulcerative Colitis.
- (vii) Diseases of Liver - Jaundice, Viral Hepatitis & Cirrhosis.

3. Pacteriology : - Morphology growth & Pathogenecity of following bacteria, Stephalococcus, Surgypatoccus, Pneumococcus, Gonococcus, Coryne Bacterium, diptheri, Mycobacterium

tuberculosis Clostridium Tetani, Salmonella Typhi, T. Pallidum, Shiljella desertic, Vibrio Cholerae

4. Parasitology:- Plasmodium Vivax, Ascaris lumbricoides. Ankylostmaduo-denale. Taenia Solium, Oxyuris vermiculasis, Wancherlaria Bancroft.

Practical cum viva examination of 100 marks consisting of :-

- A. Demonstrations of microscopic specimens of Pathogenic organism.
- B. Demonstrations of technique of Collection & Preparation & examination of morbid materials such as blood. Urine. Sputum & Exudates demonstrations to run concurrently.

Medical Jurisprudence

1. Death - Chief forms of unnatural deaths, Accident, Suicide, Homicide, Rigor Mortis, Petrification, Mummification.
2. Identification of living & Dead - Age in its medico legal aspect. The teeth ossification.
3. Wounds & Mechanically injuries-Definition & Varieties, causes of death from wounds.
4. Death from Asphyxias-Hanging, Strangulation, Suffocation.
5. Death from Burns, Scalds, heat & cold.
6. Signs of Virginity - Rape.
7. Signs of Pregnancy - Quickening Period of human gestation.
8. Demonstration- Weapon.

Obsterics & Gynecology

- 1 . Ovulation & Menstruation.
- 2 . Normal Pregnancy including changes in three trimesters.
- 3 . Toxaemia of Pregnaancy - Hyperemesis Gravidarum, Pre-eclampsia & eclampsia.
- 4 . Antepartum hamorrhage. Abortion, Eclopic gestation, Placenta Praevia, Accidentals haemorrhage.
- 5 . Hydramnious
- 6 . Normal Labour
- 7 . Normal Physiology of New born.
- 8 . Family Planning-It's importance & different methods.
- 9 . Anatomy of female genital organs.
10. Menstrual disorders-Amenorrhoea, Dysmenorrhoea, Menorrhagia.
11. Leucorrhoea.
12. Sexually transmitted diseases.
13. Sterility.
14. Minor procedures of M.T.P.D. & C.

OPHTHALMOLOGY

Anatomy of the eye ball including Lachrymal apparatus. Structure of lids. Conjunctiva, Cornea.

Elementary Physiological Optics-
General Optical Principles, Dioptric System of the eye.

Refraction of the eye:-

(i) Hypermetropia (ii) Myopia (iii) Astigmatism.

Refractive Errors & their Correction :-

External examination of the eye, Function of the eye.

Conjunctivitis :- It's classification, Simple acute, Purulent, Gonorrhocal & it's Complications
Ophthalmia.

Pterygium :- Diseases of the Cornea, Inflammation (Keratitis, An unceration of Comea their fate complications & management, Opacities of the Cornea.

Injuries to the eye:- Panophthalmitis & Sympathetic, Ophthalmia,

Diseases of the lids :- Blepharitis & it's Complications, Hordeplum , Chalzion, Trachiaatis, Entropian.

Diseases of the Lachrymal apparatus, Dacryo cystitis & it's Complication,
Ear, Nose, Throat :-

Otorrhea, Mastoiditis, Acute & Chronic Pharyngitis, Adenoids, Tonsilitis, Oedema of Larynx, Rhinitis, Chronic Sinusitis, Epistaxis.

Practice of Medicine

General & Main Symptoms, Aetiology, Prevention & Treatment of Common & General Disease :-

Constipation, Cold, Cattarah, Coryza, Headache, Simple fever, Remittent fever Intermittent fever, Anorexies, Debility, Acidity, Hiccough, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Dysentry, Colic, Stomatities, Enlatged Liver, Enlarged Spleen, Jaundice, Simple Cough, Pharyngitis, Laryngities, Gingivitis, Conjunctivitis, Epistaxis, Otilis or Earache, Olorrhoea, Ringworm, Itching, Eruptions or Pruritus, Urticaria, Bubo, Abcess or Boils, Whitlow, Gildiness, Nervousness, Stammering, Nocturnal Emission, Masturbation, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, Gonoeehoea, Irregular menstruation , Labour Pain Neonatal aphyxia, Infantilc, Convulsion Dentition, Small Pox, Cholera, Fainting, Sunstroke, Cold bite, Cut, Injury, Burn, Drowning, Alcoholism.

B.E.H.M.S./M.B.E.H. THREE YEAR COURSE

ANATOMY

[1st Paper]

Superior extremity, extremity & Osteology.

Osteology :- General characteristics of Bones, Parts of Skeleton, Study of skull including calvaria & base of skull with special reference to prominent Foramina, Mandible, Vertebral Column including special features of Cervical Thoracic & Lumbar, Sacrum, Hip Bone with formation of Pelvis & its applied anatomy.

Bones of Upper extremity :- Clavicle, Scapula, Humerus, Radius & Ulna, Detailed study & names of Carpal, Metacarpal & Phalanges.

Lower extremity :- Femur, Tibia & Fibula, Patella, Tarsals, Metatarsals, Phalanges.

Thorax :- Typical ribs with different study features of 1st, 11th & Floating ribs (11 & 12th) Sternum.

Superior extremity :- General study of various Part including their functions & applied Anatomy with detailed study of Axilla, Cubital Fossa, Muscles, e.g. pectoralis major, Deltoid, Biceps, Brachii Triceps, Brachialis, Supinator, Pronator & Quadratus with muscles of Flexor, Extensor, Compartment of Forearm, Hand it's anatomy with special reference to it's function & Muscles including Hypothenar & Thenar eminences, Branches of Subclavian Artery & Their distribution, Nerves of Brachial Plexus, Venous & Lymphatic drainage.

Inferior extremity :- Muscles of gluteal regions, Thigh & leg, Inguinal Canal, Femoral Canal, Femoral Triangle, Adductor Canal, Popliteal fossa.

Nerves :- Femoral, Obturator & sciatic branches & distribution of Femoral artery, venous & Lymphatic drainage including short & long Cephalic Vein.

ANATOMY

[11th Paper]

Head, Neck, Brain, Thorax & abdomen.

Head & Neck :- Scalp it's applied anatomy, Fascial muscles, Eye It's structure Ear-it's structure & applied anatomy, Nose-It's cavity including Posterior nasal opening & Paranasal sinuses, Oral Cavity, Dentition, Deciduous, Permanent dentation, Arterial supply & venous drainage.

Neck :- Various triangle of Neck, Thyroid & Parathyroid glands, Thymus & muscles of neck with detailed study of Trapezius sternocleidomastoid, Ribben muscles, Branches & distribution of common carotid artery, Jugular vein, it's tributaries, cervical lymph node.

Brain :- Different Parts their nomenclature, Ventricls, Meningeg, Cricle of willis.
Cranial Nerves.

Thorax :- Mediastinum, Viscera including heart lungs Trachea, Oesophagus Diaphragm
Detailed study.

- Abdomen : - (i) Anterior abdominal wall including muscle, Quadrates of Abdomen. it's applied anatomy, Inguinal Canal, Inguinal, Ring Rectus Sheaths.
(ii) Viscera & it's short descriptions.
(iii) Urogenital organs in Male & in Feamle.
(iv) Perineum & Urogenital diaphragm.
(v) Thoracic duct, Azgos vein, Portal System & Vagus Nerve.

The examination of Anatomy shall consist :-

1. Two Theory Papers each of 3 hours carrying 100 marks.
2. Practical cum Viva examination of 100 marks consisting of :-

- A. Identification of skull bone, upper & lower extremity bone, Visceras, Models, charts etc.- 80 marks.
- B. Surface marking of 10 marks.
- C. Drawing Book of 100 marks.

PHYSIOLOGY

[1st Paper]

Cell :- Structure including electron microscopic description, Nucleus cell division, Chromosomes & Various cytoplasmic organs & their function, Mitosis, Meosis.

Tissue :- Epithelial, Connective, Muscular, Nervous, Bone, Cartilage.

Muscles :- Physiology of muscles including & Skeletal Plain & Cardiac muscles, Muscular centraction, Rigor Mortis.

Diet :- Various component Their requirment & Caloric Value, Carbohydrate Metabolism, Protein including essential Aminoacids, Fats, Metabolism.

Vitamins :- Different types, Water Soluble, Fat Soluble, Their deficiency & daily requirements.

Minerals :- Sodium. Potassium, Calcim, Iron Copper, Zinc.

Digestion :- Various parts of digestive system & their functions, study of Various Juices (Composition, Function), Peristaltic movements, Absorption, Deffecation, Function of Liver, Pancreas, Stomach, Enzymes, Definition & General Properties.

Respiration :- Structure & Function of respiratory tract, Mechanism of respiration, Gaseous Exchange & Tissue Respiration, Tidal Volume, I.R.V. (inspiratory Reserve Volume) E.R.V. (Expiratory reserve Volume), Vital Capacity, Hypoxia, Transpiration of Oxygen & Carbon dioxide in blood, Respiratory Regulation, Apnoea, Dyspnoea, Cyanosis, Effect of altitude high & low.

Cardiovascular System :- Cardiac Cycle, Heart Sounds, Apex beat, Coronary circulation, it's relation to heart attack, Electro cardiogram, conduction system of including S.A. Node, Bundle of His, Purkinje's Fibres, circulation of blood, Pulse, Blood Pressure & its regulation.

Hematology:- Composition & function of blood, structures of various Cells, Coagulation of blood, Blood value & their applied physiology, Blood group including Rh Factor & it's importance.

Reticulo endothelial System:- Composition & functions of Lymph, it's circulation. structure of a lymph node, structure & function of spleen.

PHYSIOLOGY

[IInd Paper]

Excretory System :- Structure & function of Kidney, Mechanism & formation of Urine, Physical & Chemical Composition of Urine, Common abnormal ingredients of Urine & their detection with its applied Physiology.

Reproductive System :- Structure & function of various male & female reproductive organs, secondary sexual characters, Puberty, menstruation, Menopause, structure & function of breast & Prostate gland, Fertilization of ovum.

Nervous System :- Structure & function of nerves, their different types, sensory & motor nerves & their function, cerebrospinal fluid it's Composition, Function, Circulation, Structure & Function of Cerebrum, Cerebellum, Medulla, Spinal Cord, Autonomic nervous system. Short description of Sympathetic & Parasympathetic Nervous System, Reflex action, Conditioned reflex.

Endocrinology:- Structure & function of both normal & abnormal of Thyroid, Parathyroid, Suprarenal pituitary, Pancreas, Testes, Ovary.

Special Sense:-

Eye:- Structure & function of different coats, Errors of refraction & their correction, Mechanism of accommodation, Colour Vision, Colour blindness.

Hearing:- Structure & function of Middle ear & Internal ear, Conduction of sound waves, Vestibular apparatus & it's importance, Balancing.

Taste & Smell :- Varieties of tongue Papillae, Nerves of Taste, Olfactory nerve,
Skin:- Structure & Function of sweat glands, various sensory organs.

Practical

Use of common Physiological instruments & appliances Hb. meter, Sphygmomanometer

1. Identification of histological specimen of tissues & organs, bone cartilage, Fibrous tissue, Cellular tissue, veins, arteries. lungs, Appendix, Fallopian tube, Cross section of spinal nerve lymph, gland, spleen & kidney.

Preparation & Staining of blood films, total & differential Count of blood cells.

3. Hemoglobin estimation.
4. Macroscopical & Chemical examination of Urine for normal & abnormal constituents.
5. The examination in Physiology shall consist of :-

1. Two theoretical papers of 100 marks each of 3 hours.
2. Practical cum viva examination of 100 marks.

PHARMACY

Definition of Pharmacy & its Branches, Sources of drugs, Collection of vegetable substance, Ingredients of Medicines, Introductory study of minimum 50 Plants including Natural order, General character, Special character, History & Description of Aconite, Aethuja, Atropa Belladonna, Berberis Vulgaris, Matricaria Chamomilla, Cinchona Officinalis, Artemisia Cina, Drosera, Euphrasia, Rhus Toxicodendron, Smilax Medica & Taraxacum used in E.H. Pharmacy, Preparation of drugs, Laboratory or dispensing room, Apparatus & Equipments & their cleaning, Vehicles (Alcohol, Water, Oil i.e. Olive, Til Oil Roswary, Glycerine, Vaseline, Globules & Pills etc.), Abbreviation used in Prescription writing, Potentization, Dilution, Different Preparation for external application & Prescription writing etc. General knowledge of legislation in relation to Electro Homoeopathic Pharmacy.

Practical cum viva examination of 100 marks consisting of:-

1. Identification & uses of Electro Homoeopathic Pharmaceutical Instruments, appliances & their cleaning.
2. Identification of important plants used in Pharmacy.
3. Collection of minimum 10 drug Substance for herbarium.
4. Purity Test of Distilled water, Sugar of milk.
5. Estimation of size of globules, its medication of milk sugar & distilled water making of doses.
6. Preparation & Dispensing of Dilutions.
7. Preparation of external application.

8. Writing of Prescription & dispensing of the same.
9. Visit to a Electro Homoeopathic laboratory to study the manufacture of drugs on large scale.

PHILOSOPHY

The advent of Matter & discovery of Electro Homoeopathy, Life history & deeds of Electro Homoeopathic Philosopher (Dr. Theoder Krauss, Dr. Fathermuller, Dr. Baldeo Pd. Saxena, Dr. S.P. Srivastava, Dr. N. L. Sinha). The difficulties in study of science of man. The study of Matter's Life & work, The Scope of Electro Homoeopathy. The School of Philosophy & which to Electro Homoeopathy belong to life, Health, Disease & Indisposition, General Pathology of Electro Homoeopathic theory, Law of Polarity, OD-Force Application of medicine based on law of Polarity, Electro Homoeopathic Dosology, General Scurvy of diseases, drug diseases, an outline of case taking. Differential Points in investigation of acute & chronic disease. Temperament. Positive & negative, Action of the drug, Aggravation & Perfect dose

B.E.M.S./M.B.E.H. (Second Year)

PATHOLOGY

Ist Paper :- (i) General Pathology

(ii) Bacteriology

(iii) Parasitology

Iind Paper :- (i) Special Pathology

(ii) Virology

(iii) Immunity

[Ist Paper]

1. General Pathology :-

1. Introduction, Definition, Various Laboratory techniques & Microscopy.
2. Health & Disease :- Definition, Aetiology of disease.
3. Inflammation :- Its concept, Various phases & clinical manifestation, its aetiology, types acute & chronic, Repair including fibroins, suppuration.
4. Disturbances of circulation :- Hyperaemia, Thrombosis & Embolism, Oedema.
5. Degenerative Tissue changes :- Atrophy, cloudy swelling, Degenerations, Necrosis & Gangrene, Infiltrative disorders.
6. Regenerative Tissue changes :- Hypertrophy, Hyperplasia, Healing.
7. Proliferative Tissue changes :- Tumours, their aetiology classification.
 - (A) Benign-Fibroma Myoma, lipoma, Oestoma, Chandroma.
 - (B) Maligant-Carcinoma, Sarchoma, Lymphoma, Melanoma.

2. Bacteriology :- Morphology, growth & Pathogenesis of the following bacteria. Staphylococcus, Streptococcus, Pneumococcus, Gonococcus, Coryne bacterium diptheri, Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Clostridium tetani, Salmonella typhi, Shigella dysenteriae, Vibro Cholrac, Treponama Palledum (Syphils), Pseudomonas, E. Coli.
3. Parasitology :- Plasmodium Vivax, Ascaris lumbricoides Ankylo stomaduo-denale, Oxyuris T. Solium, Waucheria Bancraflai, Leishmania donovani, Trichomonas Vaginalis, Giardia lamblia, Echinococcus granulosum.

[II nd Paper]

1. Virology :- Small Pox, Measles, Influenza, Herpes Zoster, Poliomyelitis, Encephalitis Infective Hepatitis, Rats.
2. Immunity :-
 - (I) Types of Immunity - Natural, Acquired.
 - (a) Active
 - (b) Passive
 - (ii) Phagocytosis, Opsunin, bacteriolysis antitoxia.
 - (iii) Agglutnins, Antigen, Antibody reaction.
 - (iv) Allergy & Hyperscnsitivity, Reaction, Anaphylactic shock.
3. Special Pathology :-
 - (i) Discases of blood - Anaemia various types, clinical features, Hemalocrit values, chlorosis, leukemia.
 - (ii) Discases of Criculatory System :- Paricarditis, Pericardial effusion, Rheumatic heart disease, Bacterial Endocarditis, Syphilitic, Aortities, Arterio selerosis, Anurism, Myocordial Infaction.
 - (iii) Diseases of Nervous System :- Meningitis, Encephalitis, Brain Abcess, Brain Tumour, Syphilitic affections- general Paralysis of insame (G.R.I.) & tabes dorsalis.
 - (iv) Discases of Respiratory System :- Chronic Bronchitis, Emphysema, Pulmonary tuberculosis, Pneumonitis, Primary Complex, Pneumoconiosis, Pulmonary infarction Bronchiatastis, Lung Abcess, Pleuritis, Pleural effusion, Empyema, Thoracic, Bronchogenic Carcinoma, Tropical Pulmonary Eosinophelia.
 - (v) Discases of Urogenital System :-
 - A. Glomerulo nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome, Pyelonephritis, Renal tuberculosis, Nephrolethiathiasis. Naphrocatcinasis, Perinephric Abcess, Tumours-Nephroblastoma (Wilm's Tumour), Hypernephroma, Polycystic Kidney.
 - B. Ureter - Calculus, Hydroureter.
 - C. Bladder - Cystitis, Calculus, Pappilma, Carcinoma.
 - D. Urethra - Gonococcal urebritis, structure of urethra.

- E. Prostate - Beings hyperplasia of Prostate & Carcinoma of Prostate.
- F. Penis - Balanoposthitis, Carcinoma of Penis.
- G. Orchitis, Filarial, Post Mump Tuberculosis, Testicular Tumour.
- H. Female genital system - (I) Ovary-Cyst & Tumour, (ii) Fallopian tube. Sulpingltis, Pyosalpings & Tuberculosis.
- I. Uierus - Fibroid, Carcinoma.
- K. Cervix - Erosion, Carcinoma of Cervix.
- L. Vagina - Vaginitis & Tumour.

4. Alimentary Tract :-

Stomatitis, Various types, Vincent's angina, Glositis, Chcilosis, Leukoplakia, Carcinoma of tongue. Pharyngitis, Oesophagatis peptic, Achaliasis, Cardia Carcinoma of Oesophagus.

Gastritis - Peptic Ulcer, Zollinger, Ellisons Syndrome, Carcinoma.

Intestine - Enteritis, Cholera, Typhoid, Tubercular, Crohn's disease, Amoebic Typlitis, Amoebic Colitis, Ulcerative Colitis, Carcinoma of Colon, Diverticulitis.

Hepatobiliary System - Cirrhosis of Liver, Jaundice, Hepatocellular, Haemolytic, Obstructive, Amoebic Liver Aboess, Viral Hepatitis, Hepatitis, Hepatoma, Choleocystitis, Choletiosis, Carcinoma, Mucocoel, Empyema, Gall Bladder.

Practical cum viva examination of 100 marks consisting of:-

1. Twenty demonstrations of histological slides of Pathological tissues & organs.
2. Twenty demonstrations of microscopic specimens of Pathogenic organs.
3. Twenty demonstrations of technique of Collection & Preparation & examination of morbid materials such as Blood, Urine, Pus, Sputum & Exudates Demonstrations to run concurrently.

Hygiene & Health

1. Environmental Sanitation:-

- (a) Definition & Importance.
- (b) Atmospheric Pollution, Purification of air, Air Sterilization, Air Borne diseases.
- (c) Water Supplies :- Sources & uses, impurities & purification, Public water supplies in cineration Urban & rural areas, standards of drinking water, water borne diseases.
- (d) Conservancy :- Method in villages, Town & cities, septic tanks, dry earth latrines, water closets, disposal of sewage. Disposal of the dead, disposal of refuge, Incineration.
- (e) Sanitation of fairs & festivals.
- (f) Disinfection :- Disinfectants, deodorants antiseptics germicides, Method of disinfection & sterilization.

2. Air, Light & Sunshine.
3. Effect of climate :- Humidity, Temperature, Pressure & other enterological conditions, comfort Zone, Effect of overcrowding.
4. Personal Hygiene :- Cleanliness, rest, work & sleep, Physical exercise & training care of health in tropics.
5. Food & Nutrition :- Food in relation to health & disease, Balanced diets, Nutritional deficiencies & nutritional survey, Food Processing, Pasteurization of milk. Adulteration of food & food inspection, Food Poisoning.
6. Natural History of disease.
7. Preventive Medicine :- General Principles of Prevention & Control of Communicable disease, Plague, Cholera, Small Pox, Diphtheria, Leprosy, Tuberculosis, Malaria, Kalazar, Filaria, Common Virus diseases, e.g. Chicken Pox infective Hepatitis Heliothis Infection, Poliomyelitis, Common Cold, Measles, Enteric fever, Daycentres, Animal diseases transmissible to man. Their description & methods of Preventive spread by droplet, insects, Contact. Animal foatrics etc. Electro Homoeopathic Point of view regarding Prophylaxis & Vaccination.
8. Family Planning :- Demography, Channels of Communication national Family Planning Programme, Knowledge, attitude regarding contraceptive practices, Population & Growth control.

Medical Jurisprudence & Toxicology

1. Definition of Medical Jurisprudence, Courts & their Jurisdiction.
2. Death :- Chief forms of unnatural deaths, accident, Suicide, Homicide, Poisoning, Sudden death, Sign of deaths , Post mortem, Lividity, Rigor morits, Putrification, Mummification Time clasped since death, Post Mortem examination in Medicolegal Cases, Giving of medical, Evidences, Medicolegal reports & Certificates.
3. Intensification of living & dead :- age in it's medicolegal aspect, Teeth ossification. Union of important epiphysis, Sexual Characteristics of the skeleton.
4. Wounds & Mechanically injuries :- Definition & varieties, Distinction between ante & Post mortum, suicidal & homicidal wound, Causes of death from wounds, Injuries of special region.
5. Death from Asphyxias :- Hanging strangulation, Suffocation & Drowning.
6. Death from Burns Scalds, heat, cold, electric discharge & starvation.
7. Signs of virginity,, Rape & Sodomy.

- 8- Signs of Pregnancy :- Quickening, Period of human gestation, Viable Sign of delivery, recent & remote.
- 9- Criminal abortion & infanticide. Signs of live birth. Signs of death from violence & criminal neglect or omission.
10. Poisons, diagnosis of cases of common Poisoning, Post mortum appearances in cases of Poisoning.
11. Study of the following Poisons :- Mineral Acid, Corrosive Sublimate, Arsenic & Compounds, Alcohol, Opium & its alkaloids, Carbolic Acid, Carbon Dioxide, Kerosene Oil, Dhatura, Cocaine, belladonna, Strychnine, Nux Vomica, Aconite, Oleander, Snake Poisoning, Prussic Acid, Lead Poisoning.

MATERIA MEDICA

Concordant remedy, inimical remedy, Prophylactic remedy, Introduction to acute & Chronic Cases, Selection of a remedy, Methods of division of diseases (Preventive, Palliative, Curative, Sphere of action) , Constitutional relations, Physiological & Biochemical action, description & properties, Study of different dilutions, Supplementary & Complimentary remedies, Uses of dry Pills, Doses, internal & external applications, Composition & action of:- S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, S7, S8, S9, S10, S11, S12, S Lass, Synthesis A1, A2, A3, F1, F2, Ven1, Ven2, Ven3, Ven4, Ven5, L1, L2, R.F., B. E., G. E., A. P. P.

Practice of Medicine

[1st Paper]

Fevers :- Common types of fevers, Caused by Protozoal infection, Malaria, Black water fever, Leishmaniasis, Kalazar fevers caused by Bacterial infection, Cerebrospinal fever, enteric group of fevers, bacillus Coli infection, Cerebrospinal fever, enteric group of fevers, bacillus Coli infection, Fevers caused by Spirochaetal infection, Syphilis, Fevers caused by Virus infection, Measles, German Measles, Chicken Pox, Small Pox, Vaccinia, Danguue fever Caused by Physical & Chemical agents, Fevers of unknown aetiology, Septicaemia, Pyemia, erysipelas, Plague.

Circulatory System :-

Subjective Symptoms, Objective signs, General signs, Pulse, blood Pressure, Pulse wave, Physical examination of the heart, anatomical Positions, inspection & Palpation, apex beat, right ventricular pulsation, Other pulsation, epigastric pulsation, Venous pulsations thrill, Percussion, increase of Cardiac dullness, auscultation of the heart, abnormal heart sounds, Synchronism of heart sounds, murmurs, exocardia sounds, instrumental examination of the heart, Ploygraph, Introductory study of electro cardiograph, X-Ray examination of the heart.

Palpitation, Dyspnea, Syncope, Cyanosis, arrhythmia, Congenital heart diseases, Myocardial diseases, Differential diagnosis & congenital heart diseases, arterial diseases, Hypertensive heart diseases, angina pectoris, Myocardial infarction, aneurysm, vasomotor diseases, diseases of the Pulmonary artery, heart under special conditions, hypertrophy & dilatation of the heart, circulatory failure, Prognosis of Cardio vascular disease.

[IInd Paper]

Respiratory System :- Subjective Phenomena, Cough, Pain in the chest, Dyspnoea, Sputum, haemoptysis, Physical examination of upper respiratory tract, nose, throat, Pharynx, Tonsils, Larynx, Physical examination of the lungs, inspection, Palpation, Percussion, auscultation, breath sound, Vocal resonance, adventitious sounds, friction, special sounds, Pulmonary diseases, epiglottitis, diphtheria, whooping, Tracheitis, bronchiectasis, bronchial obstruction, Asthma, Tropical Eosinophilia, Pneumonia, Pneumonitis, Abscess of the lungs, Gangrene of the lung, Pulmonary tuberculosis, emphysema, Pulmonary infarction, Pulmonary Collapse, Pulmonary neoplasm, Pneumoconiosis, Syphilis of the lung, Other Pulmonary diseases, Pleurisy, Hydrothorax, Haemothorax, Chylothorax, Pneumothorax, Diaphragmatic spasm, Mediastinal tumour.

Digestive System :- Subjective Phenomena, appetite & Thirst, Dysphagia, Abdominal pain, Other uncomfortable sensations, Colic, tenesmus, nausea & vomiting, Haematemesis, Diarrhoea, Constipation, Intestinal Obstruction, examination of the mouth, breath, Oesophagus, Abdominal anatomy, inspection, Palpation, auscultation, auscultation, stomach, intestine, rectal examination, examination of the stool, Physical, examination & indications of Liver diseases Gall Bladder content testing, X-Ray Examination Pancreas, Common Alimentary diseases Pyorrhoea, alveolaris, Stomatitis, Tongue, Salivary glands, Oesophagus, Stomach gastritis, Gastric Ulcer, Duodenal Ulcer, Gastric Cancer, Dilatation of Stomach, Pyloric Obstruction, Acute diarrhoea, Chronic Diarrhoea Cholera, ileitis, Dysentery, Colitis, Other diseases of the Colon, Dyspepsia, Visceroptosis, Passive Congestion.

B.E.M.S./M.B.E.H. (Final Year)

Obstetric including Neonatology & Family Welfare

1. Sex Cycle :- Ovulation & Menstruation 2. (I) Normal Pregnancy, Amnion Chorion. Decidua, Placenta, Umbilical Cord, Foetal circulation, General Physiology.
- (ii) Abnormal Pregnancy :- Toxaemias of Pregnancy, Hyperemesis Gravidarum, Acute, yellow Atrophy of liver, Eclampsia, Preeclampsia Toxaemia, Antepartum Haemorrhage I & II Trimesters, Ectopic gestation, Hydatiform, Mole, Abortion, Pregnancy Haemorrhage during IIIrd Trimester, Placenta Praevia, Accidental Haemorrhage, Diseases of membrane, Hydramnios, Oligohydramnios, Epithelium & Diseases associated with pregnancy.

5- PUERPERIUM

2. Normal labour :- (1) Stage of labour, (2) Anatomy & Physiology of labour, (3) Mechanism of Normal labour, (4) Management of Normal Labour.
3. Abnormal Labour :-
4. Uterine Inertias :- Primary & Secondary.
5. Puerperium- Physiology of Puerperium, Management of Puerperium, Disorders of Puerperium.
6. Neonatology :-
7. Breast Feeding :- Artificial, Premature infant, Obstetric injuries & diseases of new born, Diseases & death of foetus Foetal Asphyxia, Causes of Foetal death, Normal Physiology of new born baby, Apgar score, Physiological Jaundice.
8. Obstetric Operation :- M.T.P. Induction of labour episiotomy, Versions, Forceps delivery, Caesarean Section.
9. Family Planning :- It's importance, different methods of Family Planning & Their application, Vasectomy, Tubectomy.

GYNECOLOGY

[IInd Paper]

1. Anatomy of the female genital organs.
2. Examination of Gynecological cases.
3. Physiology & endo-crinology of menstruation, menopause, Puberty .
4. Menstrual disorders :- Amenorrhea, Dysmenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Metrorrhagia.
5. Leucorrhoea.
6. Diseases of the external genital organs- Vulvitis, Bartholinitis, Ulcer of Vulva, Pruritus, Tumour of Vulva, Venereal diseases.
7. Diseases of vagina - Vaginitis, Tumour of vagina.
8. Diseases of the cervix - Cervicitis, Erosion, Polyp, Cancer of cervix.
9. Diseases of Uterus - Displacement, Inflammation, Fibroids, Carcinoma.
10. Diseases of Fallopian tube-Inflammation, Salpingitis, Tubo ovarianess.
11. Pelvic peritonitis, Pelvic cellulitis.
12. Diseases of ovary.
13. Sterility.
14. Gynecological Operations- Dilatation & Curetting of Uterus.

Ophthalmology including E. N. T.

- (1) Anatomy of the eye including Lachrymal apparatus, Structure of the lids, Conjunctiva, Cornea, Ciliary body, Choroid & retina.

Elementary Physiological Optics:-

General Optical Principles (1) Dioptric System of eye, (2) Cardinal points of eye

Refraction of the Eye (Only brief study)

- (i) Emmetropia (ii) Ametropia (iii) Myopia (iv) Astigmatism
(v) Accommodation, its mechanism, Amplitude & range.

Refractive Errors & their Corrections :-

External examination of eye Function of the, Diseases of Conjunctiva.

Conjunctivitis - Its classification, simple acute, Purulent, Gonorrhoeal & its Complications, Ophthalmia, Neonatorum Phlyctenular, Simple Chronic Follicular & trachomatous-Its Complications.

Pterygium-Diseases of Cornea, inflammation (Keratitis), Ulceration of Cornea, their fate complication & management, Opacities of the Cornea, Hypopyon Ulcer, Phlyctenular Keratitis, Neuroparalytic Keratitis, Intestinal, Keratitis, Anterior Staphyloma, Keratoglobus.

Injuries to the eye - Panophthalmitis & sympathetic, Ophthalmia.

Diseases of the lids - Blepharitis & its Complications, Hordeolum, Chalazion, Trachiasis, Entropion, Symblepharon. Diseases of Lachrymal apparatus. Dacryocystitis & its complications Ear, Nose & Throat :-

Ear :- Otorrhoea-Mastoiditis, Perforation of the drum, Tinnitus, Aurium, Different affections of hearing.

Throat :- Acute & catarrhal Pharyngitis, Adenoid Tonsillitis, Retro Pharyngeal abscess, New growth, Acute Laryngitis, Oedema of Larynx, Oedema.

Nose :- Rhinitis, Chronic Sinusitis, Ulceration of the Nose, Adenoids, Polypus, Epistaxis.

IRIDOLOGY

[IIInd Paper]

Methods of study of Iridology, the utility & importance of Iridology in Practice of Medicine, Discovery & history of Iris science, Dr. Peczley & his mode of treatment, the world famous Eye diagnosis Liljiquist & his connection with Iris science, Race & Different Iris.

colours & Layers, Blue eyes & the origin of brown eyes, Drugs & its colours, Arsenic, Iodine, Iron, Kali Bromatum, Kreasotum, Mercury, Opium, Morphia, Phenozan & similar drug plumbum, Quinine, Sal, Acid, Sulphur the signs of defect of common organs liver, Gall Bladder, Stomach, Spleen, Pancreas, Kindney, Uterus, Overies, Heart & lungs etc.

METERIA MEDICA

Composition, Action, indication, contraindication & detailed study of P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7, P8, P9, Ver1, Ver, C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, C9, C10, C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C17, Y.E.W.E

Practic of Medicine

[Ist Paper]

1. Ductless gland :- Disease of Thyroid, Exophthalmic goitre, Cretinism, Myxoedems, Addison's disease, Hyper Functional disorders of Parathyroid, Polyglandular disease, Diseases of Lymphatic System, Hodgkin's disease climatic Bubo, Diseases of spleen, Diseases of Metabolic disorders, Diabetes Mellitus & Insipidus.
2. Urinogenital System :- Renal disease, Nephrosis, Nephritis, Tuberculosis of Kidney, Neoplastic diseases of Kidney, Pyuria, Renal efficiency test.

Hematuria, Haemoglobinuria, Chyluria, Lymphuria, Perinephric Abscess, Cystitis, Vascular diseases of Kidney, Uraemia.

[IInd Paper]

Locomotive System :- Low back pain, Hypertrophic Osteo arthropathy, Osteomyelitis, Neoplasm of bone.

Diseases of Joints :- Nonseptic Arthritis, Periarthritides, Tubercular Arthritis.

Nervous System :- Physiological examination, Cerebrospinal fluid, Meningitis, Cranial Nerve affections, Intra cranial tumours, Intracranial Vascular disease, Neurosyphilis, Encephalitis, Virus disease, Infantile Cerebrospinal disease, Cerebellar disease, Diseases of the Spinal cord, Spinal nerve diseases, Myopathies.

Mental Diseases :- Psychoneurosis, Neurasthenia, Manic, Anxiety, Psycho Asthenia, Occult anxiety, Infantile, Emotionalism, Hysteria, Epilepsy, Psychosis (i) Manic-Depressive types (ii) Schizophrenia (iii) Paranoid.

Surgery

1. Definition, Introduction
2. Asepsis, Antisepsis - Definition & its application, Sterilization, Various methods & its importance in Surgery.

3. Approach to Surgical patients history, examination & relevant investigation.
 4. Pre operative Preparations.
 5. Technique of Anaesthesia- Types (a) General (b) Local Anaesthesia.
 6. Post Operative Care & Complications.
 7. Infections-Non specific infections & specific infections.
(a) Acute- Cellulitis, Furunculosis, Erysipelas, Carbuncle, Tetanus, Anthrax, Abscess.
(b) Chronic- Tuberculosis, Syphilis, Leprosy, Actinomycosis.
 8. Wounds:- Types of Wounds & their surgical treatment, Surgical emphysema.
 9. Ulcers, Sinuses, Fistula, Cyst.
 10. Gangrene including dry, wet & gas gangrene. treatment, Amputation.
 11. Burns, Scald, Shock, Hemorrhage
 12. General Consideration of injury to bone fracture & dislocation - Osteomyelitis & tumour of bone (Brief description).
 13. Injuries & Disease of Spine including Kohler's Spine & Pott's Paraplegia.
 14. Cleft lip & Palate, Carcinoma of tongue, Dental Abscess.
 15. Parotid glands - Mumps, Parotid Abscess, Mixed Parotid tumours, Goitre.
 16. Disease of breast - Breast Abscess, Fibroadenoma, Fibroadenocarcinoma.
 17. Disease of Hepato biliary System , Amoebic liver abscess, Neoplasm.
(a) Primary Hepatoma (b) Secondary liver, Acute cholecystitis, Gall Stone.
 18. G.I.T.- Achalasia Cardia, Carcinoma Oesophagus, Peptic Ulcer, Pyloric Obstruction, Caecoma of Stomach, Structure of Intestine, Various Intestinal Ulcer e.g. Amoebic Typhoid, Tubercular & their Complication, Carcinoma of Rectum, Fistula in Ano, Anal fissure, Haemorrhoid.
 19. Acute Abdomen-It's differential diagnosis, management & Surgical Correction,
 20. Hernia, Hydrocele, Varicocele.
 21. Urinary tract - Urinary Calculus, Haematuria, Retention of Urine with special reference to benign hyperplasia, Prostate & Stricture urethra.
 22. Penis_ Phimosis Para Phimosis & Circumcision.
- Practical cum viva examination of 100 marks including long & short cases and Identification of Instruments, Demonstration of minor surgical procedures eg. Abscess drainage, Sticking Foreign body removal, X-Ray Plate demonstration, Dressings & Bandages.

M.D.E.H. ONE YEAR P.G. COURSE

(Materia Medica)

Advantage of Electro Homoeopathy, Pathogenesis of a drug, dynamic action, study of Electro Homoeopathic remedies based upon different constitutions, How a remedy acts on the organ, dilution & potency, differentiative study of S1 & S2, S1 & S5, S1 & S10, S1 & S12, S2 & S3, S2 & S6, S3 & S5, A1 & A2, A1 & A3, A2 & A3, F1 & F2, Ver 1 & Ver2, P1 & P2, P1 & P3, P1 & P4, P2 & P4, C1 & C2, C1 & C3, C1 & C5, C1 & C6, C1 & C10, C1 & C13, C1 & C15, C2 & C3, C2 & C5, C2 & C6, C2 & C13, C2 & C15, C2 & C17, C3 & C5, C3 & C6, C3 & C10, C3 & C17, C4 & C5, W. E. & G. E., R. E., & B. E., R. E. & G. E.

Comparative study of S1 & Linf, S1 & A1, S1 & P1, S1 & Ver 1, S1 & P1, S1 & P3, S1 & P4, S1 & C1, S1 & C4, S1 & C5, S1 & C6, S1 & C10, S1 & C15, S1 & C17, S1 & Ven 1, S1 and W. E., S1 and R. E., S1 and Y. E., S2 and Linf1, S2 and A3, S2 & P4, S2 and C2, S2 and C3, S2 and C4, S2 and C5, S2, P1 and C10, S2, C17 and Ver 1, S2 and W. E., S2 and Y.E., S3 and A2, S3 and C1, S3 and C2, S3 and C3, S3 and C5, S3 and C6, S3 and C17, S3 and Vm 1, S3 and Y. E. S3 and A. P. P., S5 and A1, S5 and A3, Ver 1, S5 and F1, S5 and P2, S5 and C1, S5 and C4, S5 and Linf 1 A2 and C5. S5 and C6, S5 and C15, S5 and W. E., S5 and R. E., S5 and Y. E. S5 and B. E., S5 and G. e. S5 and A. P. P. S6 and Linf 1, S6 and A1, S6 and P1, S6 and P2, S6 and P3, S6 and P4, S6 and C1, S6 and C2, S6 and C3, S6 and C5, S6 and C6, S6 and C17, S6 and Ver 1, S6 and W. E., S6 and R. E. S6 and Y. E., S6 and B. E., S6 and G. E., S10 and Ling 1, S10 and A1, S10 and F1, S10 and Ver 1, S10 and P1, S10 and P3, S10 and P4, S10 and C1, S10 and C2, S10 and C6, S10 and C10, S10 and C13, S10 and C15, S10 and C17, S10 and Ven 1, S10 and W. E. , S10 and R. E. S10 and B. E., S11 and C1, S11 and C2, S11 and C5, S11 and C13, S11 and B. E., S12 and Linf 1, S12 and A1, S12 and C1, S12 and C2, S12 and C3, S12 and C4, S12 and C5, S12 and C6, S12 and Ver 1, S12 and W. E. S12 & R. E. s12 and Y. E., and B. E., S12 and G. E., Linf 1 and A1, Linf 1 and F1, Linf 1 and Ver 1, Linf 1 and P1, Linf 1 and P2, Linf 1 and P3, Linf 1 and P4, Linf 1 and C groups, Linf 1 and Electricities , A1 and P1, A1 and C1, A1 and Ven 1, A1 and W. E., A1 and B. E., A2 and Ver 1, A2 and P1, A2 and P2, A2 and P3, A2 and P4, A2 and C2, A2 and C3, A2 and C1, A2 and C5, A2 and C13, A2 and C17, A2 and B. E. A2 and G. E. A2 and A. P. P., A3 and F1, A3 and P1, A3 and P3, P4, A3 and C1, A3 and C2, A3 and C3, A3 and C1, A3 and C5, A3 and C6, A3 and C13, A3 and C15, A3 and Ven 1, A3 and W.E. A3 and R. E., A3 and B. E. Febrifugose and Vermifugose, , F1 and P2, F1 and C5, Ver 1 and C3, Ver 1 and C5, Ver 1 and C10, Ver 1 and C13, P1 and C5, P2 and A1, P2 and Ven 1, P6 and F1 etc

Practice of Medicine

Infections & Tropical Diseases:- Diphtheria, Measles, Small Pox or Cow Pox, Typhoid & Paratyphoid, Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Pneumonia, Poliomyelitis, Tetanus, Tuberculosis, Plagues, Cholera, Dysentery, Leprosy, Cancer, Bacillus Colic infection and ophthalmia neonatum.

Diseases of Metabolism : - Diabetes Mellitus and insipidus Govt, obesity, Beriberi, Pollagra, Scurvy and Rickets, Disease due to Deficiency of Proteins, Fats, Carbohydrates, Vitamins and Salts, Burns, Scalds Electric injures and strokes, injures due to that, Heat Strokes, and Cold bite, Poisoning of Arscnic, Aconite, Cocaine, Nux Vomica, Iodine, Phosphorus, Strong Acids, Alkalis, Penciline Streptomycine and Sulphonamides etc.

Diseases of Digestive System : Stomach : - Dyspepsia, Acule and Chronic Gastritis, Dilatation of Stomach gastric and Duodenal Ucer, Cancr of Stomach and Food Poisonig.

Intestine: - Intecritis, Consipation, Diarrhoea and Fatty diarrhoea, Intestinal obstruction, Umbilious Hernia, Tumour of Intestine, Diverticolitis, Diseaes due to Comatazoam, Parasits, Gastod, Taenia Echinor hynchus, Nemaloda, Filarin Sanguins, Homins.

Liver: - Hepatitis, Infantile Liver, Diseases of Gall Bladder and Bile ducts, Liver cancer Carcinoma of Gall Bladder and Bile duets.

Pancreas: - Carcinoma of Pancras, Peritoneum , Sceptic Peritonitis, Sub-Pherenic Absess, Ascitis.

Diseases of Urinary System: - Uraemia, Nephritis, Renal Tuberculosis. Hydro Nephrosis, Renal Calculus, Perinephric Absess, Negrowths in Kindcy.

Diseases of Nervons System: - Hemiplegia, Paraplegia Tuberculer meningitis, Abscess of Braio, Herpes Zoster, Syphilis of Nervous System. Tabes, Dorsalis, General Paralysis of Insane, Tumours of the Brain, Cerebral Nervous Hydrocephalus Cranial of injuties. The Epilepsia, Migrain, Paralysis Agitans, Acule Myclitis, Syringo myofia , Discriminatal sclariosis, Sub acute combined Degeneration of spinal cord, Hereditary Ataxiã.

Muscular disorder: - Muscular Dystrophy Amistrophic Lateral Sclerosis, Progressive Muscular Atrophy, Chronic Bulbar Palsy, Peripheral Nerve lessional, Brochial Neuritis, Sciatica, Poleoneuritis , Spasmodic Torlicollis.

Psychological Diseases: - Hysteria Mainia, Green sickness, Psychoinsanity, Insanity, Insomnia, Somnumbulism, Epilpsy, Anxiety, state effective disorders, Schizophernia and Allied states, obsessional disorders Psycopathic, Personality, Mental, difficiency etc.

Pharmacy & Philosophy

PHARMACY :-

Some essential informations (Elements. metals, non metals, Salts, Acids, Alkalioids and Resinoides etc.) Symbols, valencies formulae and chemical questions, density Definition and Example of atomic, molecular and equivalent weights, Ivogadro's hypothesis and Dalton's atomic theory, Solution, Decication and some other laboratory requistes, Thermometer and Microscope. Master's instructions about the knowledge of Drugs.

How to clean the utensils, How to dispense drugs (with distilled water, sugar of milk, Globule and tablets), Dilution, Potentization and Dynamization. Method of collaboration and Msceration, Pharmacology of Plants. Detailed description of plants used in Pharmacy

-: PHILOSOPHY :-

Science and Scientific truth, different grades of truth and reality, circulation of energy. The advance knowledge of Medicine and Medical Power. The highest ideal of cure, Knowledge of Diseases, Clinical varieties of Positive and negative diseases, knowledge of hygiene & health, preservation the conception of life and organism. Mental diseases and their treatment, Intermittent and alternating diseases and their treatment, mode of employing remedies in chronic diseases, consideration for selecting the dilution of drugs, Administration of remedy is one or more doses, Methods of preserving the medicinal power of plants etc

-: IRIDOLOGY :-

The Iris science and its explanation, Analogies to the phenomena of Iris science found in the animal world, the human eye and the nervous system, Pathological and Acquired Iris colour, the conception of Iris science, Back to nature, scabies, its influence on the Iris colour and treatment, constitutional striving, Besmeared milk use, scruff etc. vaccine serum etc relation to the Iris : Deterioration of Lymph and blood, small Pox and Jennefs Vaccine, Diphtheria and professor Behring's serum, Cancer serum etc. Auto Intoxication : Causes of auto intoxication, uric acid, sclerosis, Iris Density and the sign of defects : The six different classes of Iris density, Anaemia, Hyperaemia and their corresponding sign in the Iris.

The Stomach :- Doctrine of Dr. Jexek, the Section of the Stomach in the Iris, Cardia and Pylorus, the stomach of vaccination, Dilation, Intestine etc. The sympathetic nervous system Duodenum The Pancreas, Diabetes, the cut square, the appendix, the colon, Umbilicus Nervous sympathicus, The Plexuses, the Brain, the skin ring the function of the skin, the Lymphatic system, the leg, observe, groin and obomen, Ruptures, Hip and Pelvis the ovary, diaphragm, Liver, Gall Bladder and spleen. Gall stone. Armand Hand, Breast and ribs, the nipple, the pleura, the Lungs, Heart & Aorta, Armpit and clavicle, neck, the ear, nape of the neck.

Other Section : The forehead and temples, the eye, systems of treatment in eye disease, the Mouth Nose etc. The jaw vibrational Massage the larynx, the thyroid gland, windpipe and vocal cords, Oesophagus, the shoulder blades, the back etc. Spinal cord, coccyx, the bladder, sexual organs, rectum, Anus, the kidneys, washing out of the Kidneys, illustrative Demonstration, Description and explanation of Pain of Eyes.

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D.C.C. – Diploma in Cancer for Chronic Diseases	₹ 8000/- (Eight Thousand only)

Note :-

You can send all papers, documents photo graphs by the Registered mail or ordinary or courier mail but fee draft or money order will be sent in favour of Dr. Y. I. Khan only. Don't write Manager/ Registrar etc. Fee will be send by the money order to direct council Address. The office always open accept Sunday or only festival holidays Timeing 10.00 a.m. to 6.00 p.m.

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